Proposal - France / HG

3 Change proposals - Sporting Code Section 7

1/ In sporting code s7 common - 1.4.2. Wheels and other Launch Aids

Current text:

1.4.2. Wheels and other Launch Aids
A hang glider flight shall start by foot launch from a hill or by means of mechanical equipment (aerotow, winch launch, etc.) except that:

- For competitions where launching is by tow, wheels, including those which are dropped immediately after take-off, may be permitted by the organisers provided it can be demonstrated that the hang glider complies with 1.4.1.
- Wheels or similar aids to take-off and landing are permitted for permanently disabled pilots, provided that non-disabled pilots can fly the glider without them.

FAI Sporting Code, Common Section 7 - 1st May 2022

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- Class 2 hang gliders fitted with an electrical auxiliary motor may be permitted by the organisers of Second Category events, provided it shall be used solely for launching the hang glider, in order to reach the height and vicinity that an aerotow aircraft would typically release the pilot. Pilots must carry equipment that accurately verifies on the tracklog any usage of the motor.

Class 2 gliders are allowed to launch from a slope by using one of the following options:

- Launching on wheels integral to the design and being propelled by the pilot’s legs or by an official pusher.
- Launching on a temporary wheel system known as a ‘dolly’ or ‘launch cart’ which remains on the ground after an official pusher accelerates the glider to flying speed.

Proposal:

1.4.2. Wheels and other Launch Aids
A hang glider flight shall start by foot launch from a hill or by means of mechanical equipment (aerotow, winch launch, etc.) except that:

- For competitions where launching is by tow, wheels, including those which are dropped immediately after take-off, may be permitted by the organisers provided it can be demonstrated that the hang glider complies with 1.4.1.
- Wheels or similar aids to take-off and landing are permitted for permanently disabled pilots, provided that non-disabled pilots can fly the glider without them.

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- Class 2 hang gliders fitted with an electrical auxiliary motor may be permitted by the
organisers of First & Second Category events, provided it shall be used solely for launching the hang glider, in order to reach the height and vicinity that an aerotow aircraft would typically release the pilot. Pilots must carry equipment that accurately verifies on the tracklog any usage of the motor.

Class 2 gliders are allowed to launch from a slope by using one of the following options:

- Launching on wheels integral to the design and being propelled by the pilot’s legs or by an official pusher.
- Launching on a temporary wheel system known as a ‘dolly’ or ‘launch cart’ which remains on the ground after an official pusher accelerates the glider to flying speed.

**Justification:** 1st category event of Class 2 with auxiliary motor was already organized in 2022, as there are no reason to have different rules depending on categories.

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2/ In sporting code s7a cross country - 3.3.9 Re-launch

Current Text:

3.3.9 Re-launch

Unless specified in the Local Regulations or announced at the Pilots briefing for the day, re-launches are not permitted.

A failed launch attempt or a safety problem arising immediately after take-off which results in a landing will not count as one take-off.

In the event of a technical problem immediately after launch, a pilot or team leader must ask permission from the Meet Director to land in the designated area. The pilot may only land after permission is given by the Meet Director. The pilot must report to the Meet Director before a second launch. Pilots who do not follow this protocol will be awarded minimum distance only. When permitted a re-launch, pilots will not take priority over other pilots who have not yet launched.

HG – In aerotow championships, re-launches and priorities are defined in the Local Regulations.

Proposal:

3.3.9 Re-launch

Unless specified in the Local Regulations or announced at the Pilots briefing for the day, re-launches are not permitted.

A failed launch attempt or a safety problem arising immediately after take-off which results in a landing will not count as one take-off.

In the event of a technical problem immediately after launch, a pilot or team leader must ask permission from the Meet Director to land in the designated area. The pilot may only land after permission is given by the Meet Director. The pilot must report to the Meet Director before a second launch. Pilots who do not follow this protocol will be awarded minimum distance only. When permitted a re-launch, pilots will not take priority over other pilots who have not yet launched.
HG – In aerotow championships, re-launches and priorities are defined in the Local Regulations. HG Class 2 – In case of aerotow launch, re-launch are authorized and priorities are defined in the Local Regulations. In championships involving both aerotow and electrical auxiliary launch, aerotows are not permitted within the 15 minutes preceding the start window.

**Justification:** This proposal is to ensure equity between the aerotow and electrical launch since the use of electrical auxiliary is not permitted within the 15 minutes preceding the start window.

3/ In sporting code s7f xc scoring - 10 Points Allocation

**Current:** there are no specificities regarding HG Class 2

**Proposal:** addition specific to HG Class 2:

HG Class 2 – Arrival weight = 0

**Justification:** This proposal is to limit the interest of doing overspeed on the last leg to overpass an opponent while going over the VNE.

As seen during the Class 2 World Championship in 2022, pilots do go over their VNE on the last leg to score up to 80 additional points.